## PI QUICK GUIDE TO EXCEPTIONS MAJOR CHANGES IN THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AFFECTING PROPOSAL BUDGETS AND CHARGING OF DIRECT COSTS On Federal and Federal Flow-through Projects

The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has combined many federal circulars into a single guidance document (known as Uniform Guidance, or 2 CFR 200) that can be used by all agencies. These new regulations will become effective December 26, 2014.

ADMINISTRATIVE/	Administrative and clerical salaries (in certain circumstances) can be included on competitive proposal
CLERICAL SALARIES	budgets.
CLERICAL SALARIES	Administrative and Clerical Salaries
Applicable Uniform	In general, administrative and clerical salaries should still not be direct charged, but the rules governing
Guidance (UG)	"major project or activity" exceptions have been dropped and replaced by the following criteria, all of which
Sections:	must be met:
200.413	Administrative or clerical services are integral* to a project or activity;      Individuals involved can be specifically identified with the project or activity.
200.430	2. Individuals involved can be specifically identified with the project or activity;
	3. Such costs are explicitly included in the budget or have the prior written approval of the Federal
	awarding agency; and 4. The costs are not also recovered as indirect costs.
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	If all of these requirements are met, PIs/departments should add a new justification statement to proposals
	to facilitate the required agency approval.
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	* Integral/Essential is defined as being absolutely necessary for the completion of the statement of work.
	Administrative or Clerical personnel are integral/essential to a project if they are directly supporting the
	projects statement of work. How the Administrative or Clerical personnel are directly supporting the
	must be detailed in the proposal, budget and budget justification.
	Further, the Guidance clarifies that direct charged administrative or clerical services must be integral to a
	project or activity-as opposed to necessary to the overall operation of the institution and assignable in part
	to sponsored projects. For example, the clarification in the Uniform Guidance highlights that salary for an
	administrative assistant completing financial reconciliations should not be divided and charged directly to
	all sponsored awards under a PI or department. Although financial reconciliations are necessary to the
	overall execution of the project, this is true of all sponsored and non-sponsored activities and these types of
	services cannot be considered "integral" to the project's goals and objectives.
COMPUTING DEVICES	Computing devices can be included on competitive proposal budgets.
(UNDER \$5,000 UNIT	Computing devices under \$5,000/unit may be direct charged to the project or activity under the following
COST)	circumstances:
	• The machines are <u>essential</u> * and allocable to the project in that they are necessary to acquire, store,
Applicable UG	analyze, process, or publish data and other information electronically, including accessories (or
Sections:	"peripherals") for printing, transmitting and receiving, or storing electronic information.
200.33	• Items costing more than \$5,000 per unit are considered equipment and follow federal equipment rules
200.48	for when they can be direct charged. (SEE 200.33, 200.48, 200.89, 200.439)
200.89	If these items will be proposed as direct costs, acceptable justification will be required to be
200.439	included in the proposal submitted to the sponsor. If a computing device was not identified in
200.453C	the approved proposal, before it is charged to the restricted account it must be justified to and
	approved by the office which handles the campus's budget revisions.
PARTICIPANT SUPPORT	Participant support costs can be included for agency approval on competitive proposal budgets.
COSTS	After UG implementation, participant support costs (see 200.75) are allowable with agency prior approval.
	This includes stipends or subsistence allowances, travel allowances, and registration fees paid to or on
Applicable UG	behalf of participants or trainees (but not employees) in connection with conferences or training projects.
Sections:	Participant support costs are not routinely allowed on research projects but can be charged if the project
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## **Uniform Guidance**

## **University of Tennessee**

Omioim Care	during Chirton Strain Course
200.75	includes an education or outreach component, or is a clinical trial agreement and the agency approves such
200.456	costs.
	These costs should be explicitly listed in the proposal budget or approved by the funding agency after the
	award has been made. Participant Support Costs will now be a standard exemption category for modified
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	total direct costs (MTDC). F&A cost are not applied to participant support costs.
PROGRAMMATIC SALARY	Costs related to protocol development and maintenance, managing substances/chemicals, managing and
COSTS	securing project-specific data, and coordination of research subjects are allowable direct costs when they
	are "contributing and directly related to work under an agreement."
APPLICABLE UG	
SECTIONS:	These programmatic costs may be direct charged using the same underlying requirements as other types of
200.430	direct costs, and are not subject to extra approval requirements.
CUDAWARDS FOA	The subverigions's propositioned EQA was an electrostica was as described below worst be used for all
SUBAWARDS – F&A	The subrecipient's negotiated F&A rate or an alternative rate as described below must be used for all
	subawards included in competitive proposals.
Applicable UG	If a federal program has a published statutory F&A cap, that rate must be used both by UT and all of its
Section:	subrecipients. For all other federal programs, if a subrecipient has a federally negotiated F&A rate, it must
200.331	be used. If the entity does not have a negotiated F&A rate, a 10% de minimus F&A rate must be used
	instead. PIs may not negotiate or agree to lower rates with their subrecipients.
SUBAWARDS - FIXED	Agency prior approval is required to enter into fixed price/rate subawards, which may not exceed \$150K.
PRICE/RATE	Agency prior approval is required to enter into a fixed price/rate subaward rather than a cost-
. Mee/ NATE	reimbursement subaward, and the total value of each fixed price/rate subaward may not exceed \$150K. To
Applicable UC	·
Applicable UG	expedite agency approval, PIs/departments should add a new <u>justification statement</u> to proposals
Section:	contemplating a fixed price/rate subaward. A statement is not needed for other subawards.
200.332	
SUBAWARDS -	Agency Subrecipient Risk assessments are required to determine appropriate monitoring.
SUBRECIPIENT	During the project period the PI is responsible for:
MONITORING	Documented review of financial and programmatic reports
	Greater emphasis on detecting and addressing deficiencies (i.e. slow or no performance, financial
APPLICABLE UG	management issues, slow or no spending, etc.)
SECTION:	management issues, slow of no spending, etc.)
200.331	
200.551	
UNUSED SUPPLIES:	The PI should be aware of the potential adverse impact of buying items in bulk or purchasing supplies
GINUSED SUPPLIES.	
A	toward the end of an award.
Applicable UG	
Section:	It should be rare that a PI purchases supplies which will not be completely consumed by the project under
200.314	which they were purchased. Investigators should use supplies timely to avoid accumulating excess supplies
	at the termination of the project. According to the UG, if there is a residual inventory of unused supplies
	exceeding \$5,000 in total aggregate value upon termination or completion of the project or program and
	the supplies are not needed for any other Federal award, the non-Federal entity must retain the supplies
	for use on other activities or sell them, but must, in either case, compensate the Federal government for its
	share.
VISA COSTS	Short-term, travel visa costs can be included on competitive proposal budgets.
VISA COSTS	
	Since short-term visas are issued for a specific period and purpose, they can be clearly identified as directly
Applicable UG	connected to work performed on a Federal award and can be directly charged. They must be critical and
Section:	necessary to (directly benefit) the project and be allowable by the agency. Typically, these visas allow
200.463D	employees and students to engage in field research or attend meetings in foreign locations, or allow foreign
	visitors to visit the University in support of the project. Long-term visa costs, such as those that enable
	employment at the University (for example "J" and "H1B" visas) are not allowable as direct charges.
	Chiployment at the Oniversity (for example 3 and 1110 visas) are not anowable as direct charges.